COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT:

The Senate Committee on Local Government and Elections, to which was referred House Bill No. 1211, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

1	rage 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new
2	paragraph and insert:
3	"SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-24-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2006,
4	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) In addition to the delinquency list required
6	under section 1 of this chapter, each county auditor shall prepare a
7	notice. The notice shall contain the following:
8	(1) A list of tracts or real property eligible for sale under this
9	chapter.
10	(2) A statement that the tracts or real property included in the list
11	will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, subject to the
12	right of redemption.
13	(3) A statement that the tracts or real property will not be sold for
14	an amount which is less than the sum of:
15	(A) the delinquent taxes and special assessments on each tract
16	or item of real property;
17	(B) the taxes and special assessments on each tract or item of
18	real property that are due and payable in the year of the sale,
19	whether or not they are delinquent;
20	(C) all penalties due on the delinquencies:

1	(D) an amount prescribed by the county auditor that equals the
2	sum of:
3	(i) the greater of twenty-five dollars (\$25) or postage and
4	publication costs; and
5	(ii) any other actual costs incurred by the county that are
6	directly attributable to the tax sale; and
7	(E) any unpaid costs due under subsection (b) from a prior tax
8	sale.
9	(4) A statement that a person redeeming each tract or item of real
10	property after the sale must pay:
11	(A) one hundred ten percent (110%) of the amount of the
12	minimum bid for which the tract or item of real property was
13	offered at the time of sale if the tract or item of real property
14	is redeemed not more than six (6) months after the date of
15	sale;
16	(B) one hundred fifteen percent (115%) of the amount of the
17	minimum bid for which the tract or item of real property was
18	offered at the time of sale if the tract or item of real property
19	is redeemed more than six (6) months after the date of sale;
20	(C) the amount by which the purchase price exceeds the
21	minimum bid on the tract or item of real property plus ten
22	percent (10%) per annum on the amount by which the
23	purchase price exceeds the minimum bid; and
24	(D) all taxes and special assessments on the tract or item of
25	real property paid by the purchaser after the tax sale plus
26	interest at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum on the
27	amount of taxes and special assessments paid by the purchaser
28	on the redeemed property.
29	(5) A statement for informational purposes only, of the location
30	of each tract or item of real property by key number, if any, and
31	street address, if any, or a common description of the property
32	other than a legal description. The township assessor, upon
33	written request from the county auditor, shall provide the
34	information to be in the notice required by this subsection. A
35	misstatement in the key number or street address does not
36	invalidate an otherwise valid sale.
37	(6) A statement that the county does not warrant the accuracy of
38	the street address or common description of the property.
39	(7) A statement indicating:
40	(A) the name of the owner of each tract or item of real
4 1	property with a single owner; or
12	(R) the name of at least one (1) of the owners of each tract or

1 item of real property with multiple owners. 2 (8) A statement of the procedure to be followed for obtaining or 3 objecting to a judgment and order of sale, that must include the 4 following: 5 (A) A statement: (i) that the county auditor and county treasurer will apply on 6 7 or after a date designated in the notice for a court judgment 8 against the tracts or real property for an amount that is not 9 less than the amount set under subdivision (3), and for an 10 order to sell the tracts or real property at public auction to 11 the highest bidder, subject to the right of redemption; and 12 (ii) indicating the date when the period of redemption specified in IC 6-1.1-25-4 will expire. 13 14 (B) A statement that any defense to the application for 15 judgment must be: 16 (i) filed with the court; and 17 (ii) served on the county auditor and the county 18 treasurer; 19 before the date designated as the earliest date on which the 20 application for judgment may be filed. (C) A statement that the county auditor and the county 21 22 treasurer are entitled to receive all pleadings, motions, 23 petitions, and other filings related to the defense to the 24 application for judgment. 25 (C) (D) A statement that the court will set a date for a hearing 26 at least seven (7) days before the advertised date and that the 27 court will determine any defenses to the application for 28 judgment at the hearing. 29 (9) A statement that the sale will be conducted at a place 30 designated in the notice and that the sale will continue until all 31 tracts and real property have been offered for sale. 32 (10) A statement that the sale will take place at the times and 33 dates designated in the notice. The sale must take place on or after August 1 and before November 1 of each year. Whenever the 34 35 public auction is to be conducted as an electronic sale, the 36 notice must include a statement indicating that the public 37 auction will be conducted as an electronic sale and a 38 description of the procedures that must be followed to 39 participate in the electronic sale. 40 (11) A statement that a person redeeming each tract or item after 41 the sale must pay the costs described in IC 6-1.1-25-2(e). 42 (12) If a county auditor and county treasurer have entered into an

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agreement under IC 6-1.1-25-4.7, a statement that the county auditor will perform the duties of the notification and title search under IC 6-1.1-25-4.5 and the notification and petition to the court for the tax deed under IC 6-1.1-25-4.6.

- (13) A statement that, if the tract or item of real property is sold for an amount more than the minimum bid and the property is not redeemed, the owner of record of the tract or item of real property who is divested of ownership at the time the tax deed is issued may have a right to the tax sale surplus.
- (14) If a determination has been made under subsection (d), a statement that tracts or items will be sold together.
- (b) If within sixty (60) days before the date of the tax sale the county incurs costs set under subsection (a)(3)(D) and those costs are not paid, the county auditor shall enter the amount of costs that remain unpaid upon the tax duplicate of the property for which the costs were set. The county treasurer shall mail notice of unpaid costs entered upon a tax duplicate under this subsection to the owner of the property identified in the tax duplicate.
- (c) The amount of unpaid costs entered upon a tax duplicate under subsection (b) must be paid no later than the date upon which the next installment of real estate taxes for the property is due. Unpaid costs entered upon a tax duplicate under subsection (b) are a lien against the property described in the tax duplicate, and amounts remaining unpaid on the date the next installment of real estate taxes is due may be collected in the same manner that delinquent property taxes are collected.
- (d) The county auditor and county treasurer may establish the condition that a tract or item will be sold and may be redeemed under this chapter only if the tract or item is sold or redeemed together with one (1) or more other tracts or items. Property may be sold together only if the tract or item is owned by the same person.

SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-24-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2006, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. (a) Not less than twenty-one (21) days before the earliest date on which the application for judgment and order for sale of real property eligible for sale may be made, the county auditor shall send a notice of the sale by certified mail, **return receipt requested**, to:

- (1) the owner of record of real property with a single owner; or
- 40 (2) to at least one (1) of the owners, as of the date of certification, of real property with multiple owners;

at the last address of the owner for the property as indicated in the

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records of the county auditor on the date that the tax sale list is certified. In addition, the county auditor shall mail a duplicate notice to the owner of record, as described in subdivisions (1) and (2), by first class mail to the owners from whom the certified mail return receipt was not signed and returned. Additionally, the county auditor may determine that mailing a first class notice to or serving a notice on the property is a reasonable step to notify the owner, if the address of the owner is not the same address as the physical location of the property. If both notices are returned due to incorrect or insufficient addresses, the county auditor shall research the county auditor records to determine a more complete or accurate address. If a more complete or accurate address is found, the county auditor shall resend the notices to the address that is found in accordance with this section. Failure to obtain a more complete or accurate address does not invalidate an otherwise valid sale. The county auditor shall prepare the notice in the form prescribed by the state board of accounts. The notice must set forth the key number, if any, of the real property and a street address, if any, or other common description of the property other than a legal description. The notice must include the statement set forth in section 2(a)(4) of this chapter. The county auditor must present proof of this mailing to the court along with the application for judgment and order for sale. Failure by an owner to receive or accept the notice required by this section does not affect the validity of the judgment and order. The owner of real property shall notify the county auditor of the owner's correct address. The notice required under this section is considered sufficient if the notice is mailed to the address or addresses required by this section.

- (b) In addition to the notice required under subsection (a) for real property on the list prepared under section 1(a)(2) or 1.5(d) of this chapter, the county auditor shall prepare and mail the notice required under section 2.2 of this chapter no later than August 15 in the year in which the property is to be sold under this chapter.
- (c) On or before the day of sale, the county auditor shall list, on the tax sale record required by IC 6-1.1-25-8, all properties that will be offered for sale.

SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-24-4.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2006, SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4.6. (a) On the day on which the application for judgment and order for sale is made, the county treasurer shall report to the county auditor all of the tracts and real property listed in the notice required by section 2 of this chapter upon which all delinquent

1	taxes and special assessments, all penalties due on the delinquencies,
2	any unpaid costs due from a prior tax sale, and the amount due under
3	section 2(a)(3)(D) of this chapter have been paid up to that time. The
4	county auditor, assisted by the county treasurer, shall compare and
5	correct the list, removing tracts and real property for which all
6	delinquencies have been paid, and shall make and subscribe an
7	affidavit in substantially the following form:
8	State of Indiana)
9) ss
10	County of)
11	I,, treasurer of the county of, and
12	I,, auditor of the county of, do
13	solemnly affirm that the foregoing is a true and correct list of the real
14	property within the county of upon which have remained
15	delinquent uncollected taxes, special assessments, penalties and costs,
16	as required by law for the time periods set forth, to the best of my
17	knowledge and belief.
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19	County Treasurer
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21	County Auditor
22	Dated
23	I,, auditor of the county of, do
24	solemnly affirm that notice of the application for judgment and order
25	for sale was mailed via certified mail to the owners on the foregoing
26	list, and publication made, as required by law.
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28	County Auditor
29	Dated
30	(b) Application for judgment and order for sale shall be made as one
31	(1) cause of action to any court of competent jurisdiction jointly by the
32	county treasurer and county auditor. The application shall include the
33	names of at least one (1) of the owners of each tract or item of real
34	property, the dates of mailing of the notice required by sections 2 and
35	2.2 of this chapter, the dates of publication required by section 3 of this
36	chapter, and the affidavit and corrected list as provided in subsection
37	(a).
38	(c) Any defense to the application for judgment and order of sale
39	shall be filed with the court on or before the earliest date on which the
40	application may be made as set forth in the notice required under
41	section 2 of this chapter. The county auditor and the county
42	treasurer for the county where the real property is located are

1 entitled to receive all pleadings, motions, petitions, and other filings 2 related to a defense to the application for judgment and order of 3 sale. SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-24-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2006, 4 5 SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 6 JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. (a) When a tract or an item of real property is 7 subject to sale under this chapter, it must be sold in compliance with 8 this section. 9 (b) The sale must: 10 (1) be held at the times and place stated in the notice of sale; and 11 (2) not extend beyond one hundred seventy-one (171) days after 12 the list containing the tract or item of real property is certified to 13 the county auditor. 14 (c) A tract or an item of real property may not be sold under this 15 chapter to collect: 16 (1) delinquent personal property taxes; or 17 (2) taxes or special assessments which are chargeable to other real 18 property. 19 (d) A tract or an item of real property may not be sold under this 20 chapter if all the delinquent taxes, penalties, and special assessments 21 on the tract or an item of real property and the amount prescribed by 22 section 2(a)(3)(D) of this chapter, reflecting the costs incurred by the 23 county due to the sale, are paid before the time of sale. 24 (e) The county treasurer shall sell the tract or real property, subject 25 to the right of redemption, to the highest bidder at public auction. 26 However, a tract or an item of real property may not be sold for an 27 amount which is less than the sum of: 28 (1) the delinquent taxes and special assessments on each tract or 29 item of real property; (2) the taxes and special assessments on each tract or item of real 30 31 property that are due and payable in the year of the sale, 32 regardless of whether the taxes and special assessments are 33 delinquent; 34 (3) all penalties which are due on the delinquencies; 35 (4) the amount prescribed by section 2(a)(3)(D) of this chapter 36 reflecting the costs incurred by the county due to the sale; 37 (5) any unpaid costs which are due under section 2(b) of this 38 chapter from a prior tax sale; and 39 (6) other reasonable expenses of collection, including title search 40 expenses, uniform commercial code expenses, and reasonable 41 attorney's fees incurred by the date of the sale.

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(f) For purposes of the sale, it is not necessary for the county

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treasurer to first attempt to collect the real property taxes or special assessments out of the personal property of the owner of the tract or real property.

(g) The county auditor shall serve as the clerk of the sale.

- (h) Real property certified to the county auditor under section 1(2) 1(a)(2) of this chapter must be offered for sale in a different phase of the tax sale or on a different day of the tax sale than the phase or day during which other real property is offered for sale.
- (i) The public auction required under subsection (e) may be conducted by electronic means, at the option of the county treasurer. The electronic sale must comply with the other statutory requirements of this section. If an electronic sale is conducted under this subsection, the county treasurer shall provide access to the electronic sale by providing computer terminals open to the public at a designated location. A county treasurer who elects to conduct an electronic sale may receive electronic payments and establish rules necessary to secure the payments in a timely fashion. The county treasurer may not add an additional cost of sale charge to a parcel for the purpose of conducting the electronic sale.

SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-24-6.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2006, SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6.1. (a) The county executive may **do the following:**

- (1) By resolution, identify properties:
 - (A) that are described in section 6.7(a) of this chapter; and
 - (B) concerning which the county executive desires to offer to the public the certificates of sale acquired by the county executive under section 6 of this chapter.
- (2) In conformity with IC 5-3-1-4, publish:
 - (A) notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1 of the date, time, and place for a public sale; of the certificates of sale that is not earlier than ninety (90) days after the last date the notice is published; and
 - (B) a listing of parcels on which certificates will be offered by parcel number and minimum bid amount;
- once each week for three (3) consecutive weeks, with the final advertisement being not less than thirty (30) days before the sale date. The expenses of the publication shall be paid out of the county general fund.
- (3) Sell each certificate of sale covered by the resolution for a price that:

1	(A) is less than the minimum sale price prescribed by section
2	5(e) of this chapter; and
3	(B) includes any costs to the county executive directly
4	attributable to the sale of the certificate of sale.
5	(b) Notice of the list of properties prepared under subsection (a) and
6	the date, time, and place for the public sale of the certificates of sale
7	shall be published in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The notice must:
8	(1) include a description of the property by parcel number and
9	common address;
10	(2) specify that the county executive will accept bids for the
11	certificates of sale for the price referred to in subsection (a)(3);
12	(3) specify the minimum bid for each parcel;
13	(4) include a statement that a person redeeming each tract or item
14	of real property after the sale of the certificate must pay:
15	(A) the amount of the minimum bid under section 5(e) of this
16	chapter for which the tract or item of real property was last
17	offered for sale;
18	(B) ten percent (10%) of the amount for which the certificate
19	is sold;
20	(C) the attorney's fees and costs of giving notice under
21	IC 6-1.1-25-4.5;
22	(D) the costs of a title search or of examining and updating the
23	abstract of title for the tract or item of real property; and
24	(E) all taxes and special assessments on the tract or item of
25	real property paid by the purchaser after the sale of the
26	certificate plus interest at the rate of ten percent (10%) per
27	annum on the amount of taxes and special assessments paid by
28	the purchaser on the redeemed property; and
29	(5) include a statement that, if the certificate is sold for an amount
30	more than the minimum bid under section 5(e) of this chapter for
31	which the tract or item of real property was last offered for sale
32	and the property is not redeemed, the owner of record of the tract
33	or item of real property who is divested of ownership at the time
34	the tax deed is issued may have a right to the tax sale surplus.
35	SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-24-6.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2006
36	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6.3. (a) The sale of certificates of sale under this
38	chapter must be held at the time and place stated in the notice of sale
39	(b) A certificate of sale may not be sold under this chapter if the
40	following are paid before the time of sale:
41	(1) All the delinquent taxes, penalties, and special assessments on

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the tract or an item of real property.

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- (2) The amount prescribed by section 2(a)(3)(D) of this chapter, reflecting the costs incurred by the county due to the sale.
- (c) The county executive shall sell the certificate of sale, subject to the right of redemption, to the highest bidder at public auction. The public auction may be conducted as an electronic sale in conformity with section 5(i) of this chapter.
 - (d) The county auditor shall serve as the clerk of the sale.

SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-24-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. When one who purchases real property at a tax sale fails to pay the bid, the real property shall again be offered for sale. A purchaser who fails to pay the bid shall pay a **civil** penalty of twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of the bid. The county prosecuting attorney shall initiate an action in the name of the state treasurer to recover the **civil** penalty. Amounts collected under this section shall be deposited in the common school **county general** fund. of this state.

SECTION 8. IC 6-1.1-25-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) The total amount of money required for the redemption of real property equals:

- (1) the sum of the amounts prescribed in subsections (b) through (e); or
- (2) the amount prescribed in subsection (f); reduced by any amounts held in the name of the taxpayer or the purchaser in the tax sale surplus fund.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (f), the total amount required for redemption includes:
 - (1) one hundred ten percent (110%) of the minimum bid for which the tract or real property was offered at the time of sale, as required by IC 6-1.1-24-5, if the tract or item of real property is redeemed not more than six (6) months after the date of sale; or (2) one hundred fifteen percent (115%) of the minimum bid for which the tract or real property was offered at the time of sale, as required by IC 6-1.1-24-5, if the tract or item of real property is redeemed more than six (6) months but not more than one (1) year after the date of sale.
- (c) Except as provided in subsection (f), in addition to the amount required under subsection (b), the total amount required for redemption includes the amount by which the purchase price exceeds the minimum bid on the real property plus ten percent (10%) per annum on the amount by which the purchase price exceeds the minimum bid on the property.
- (d) Except as provided in subsection (f), in addition to the amount

 required under subsections (b) and (c), the total amount required for redemption includes all taxes and special assessments upon the property paid by the purchaser after the sale plus ten percent (10%) interest per annum on those taxes and special assessments.

- (e) Except as provided in subsection (f), in addition to the amounts required under subsections (b), (c), and (d), the total amount required for redemption includes the following costs, if certified before redemption and not earlier than thirty (30) days after the date of sale of the property being redeemed by the payor to the county auditor on a form prescribed by the state board of accounts, that were incurred and paid by the purchaser, the purchaser's assignee, or the county, before redemption:
 - (1) The attorney's fees and costs of giving notice under section 4.5 of this chapter.
 - (2) The costs of a title search or of examining and updating the abstract of title for the tract or item of real property.
- (f) With respect to a tract or item of real property redeemed under section 4(c) of this chapter, instead of the amounts stated in subsections (b) through (e), the total amount required for redemption is the amount determined under IC 6-1.1-24-6.1(b)(4).".
- Page 3, line 5, after "excess." insert "The petitioner is prohibited from participating in any manner in the next succeeding tax sale in the county under IC 6-1.1-24.".
- Page 4, delete lines 18 through 20, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 10. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) If:

- (1) a tract or an item of real property is offered for sale under IC 6-1.1-24-1 through IC 6-1.1-24-5 (all as effective December 31, 2006) before January 1, 2007; and
 - (2) an amount is not received that is at least equal to the minimum sale price required under IC 6-1.1-24-5(e) (as effective December 31, 2006);
 - the tract or item of real property may be offered for sale a second time consistent with IC 6-1.1-24-1 through IC 6-1.1-24-5 (all as effective December 31, 2006) or subsection (b).
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other law, if:
 - (1) a tract or an item of real property is offered for sale under IC 6-1.1-24-1 through IC 6-1.1-24-5 (all as effective December 31, 2006);
- 40 (2) an amount is not received that is at least equal to the 41 minimum sale price required under IC 6-1.1-24-5(e) (as 42 effective December 31, 2006); and

(3) t	he county treasurer and the county auditor jointly agree
to a	n expedited tax sale under this subsection;
the tract	or item of real property may be offered for sale a second
time on a	date that is on or after January 1 and before August 1 of
the year i	mmediately following the year in which the property was
initially o	offered for sale and at least ninety (90) days after the date
of the ini	tial sale.
(c) A	ll notice and judgment requirements set forth in
IC 6-1 1.	.24 and IC 6-1 1-25 both as amended by this act are

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- IC 6-1.1-24 and IC 6-1.1-25, both as amended by this act, are applicable to the second expedited tax sale under subsection (b).
- (d) A person subject to IC 6-1.1-24-5.3 may purchase property offered for sale under this SECTION.
- (e) The period for redemption of real property sold under IC 6-1.1-24 is one hundred twenty (120) days after the date of sale under subsection (b).
- (f) In implementing this SECTION, if a provision in IC 6-1.1 that affects an action under this SECTION that is in effect after December 31, 2006, as amended by HEA 1102-2006, conflicts with a provision of IC 6-1.1 that was in effect on December 31, 2006, this SECTION shall be implemented as if IC 6-1.1 (as effective December 31, 2006) were in effect.
- (g) An action conducted after December 31, 2006, and before July 1, 2007, that would have been valid under this SECTION if conducted after June 30, 2007, shall be treated as if it had been conducted after June 30, 2007.
- SECTION 11. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) This SECTION applies to a county having a consolidated city.
- (b) Whenever real property on the list prepared under IC 6-1.1-24-1.5 (as effective December 31, 2006) before January 1, 2007:
 - (1) is offered for sale under IC 6-1.1-24; and
 - (2) does not receive a bid for at least the amount required under IC 6-1.1-24-5 (as effective December 31, 2006);
- the county auditor shall notify the metropolitan development commission that the real property has been offered for sale under IC 6-1.1-24, as amended by this act, and that an adequate bid has not been received.
- (c) The metropolitan development commission shall, within a reasonable time after receiving notice under subsection (b), identify any property described under subsection (b) that the metropolitan development commission desires to acquire for urban homesteading under IC 36-7-17 or redevelopment purposes under

IC 36-7-15.1. The metropolitan development commission shall then provide the county auditor with a list of the properties identified under this subsection.

- (d) The county auditor shall execute and deliver a deed for any property identified under subsection (c) to the metropolitan development commission, subject to IC 6-1.1-25, as amended by this act. Properties identified under subsection (c) but not acquired by the metropolitan development commission shall be restored to the delinquent list prepared under IC 6-1.1-24-1 (as effective December 31, 2006).
- (e) The county acquires a lien under IC 6-1.1-24-6 (as effective December 31, 2006) for any property that is:
 - (1) not identified under subsection (c); and
 - (2) offered for sale under IC 6-1.1-24, as amended by this act, for two (2) consecutive sales.
- (f) The metropolitan development commission may not pay for any property acquired under subsection (d). However, a taxing unit having an interest in the taxes on the real property shall be credited with the full amount of the delinquent tax due to that unit.
- (g) The agency designated or established in IC 36-7-17-2 may acquire real property in the name of the unit, for use as provided in IC 6-1.1-24 and this SECTION. Under this SECTION, the agency may acquire the deed for real property that was offered for sale but for which an adequate bid under IC 6-1.1-24-5(e) (as effective December 31, 2006) was not received by identifying the properties that the agency desires to acquire for urban homesteading or redevelopment purposes.
- (h) For purposes of a sale under IC 6-1.1-24 conducted to implement IC 36-7-17-12, the proceeds of the sale shall be applied to the cost of the sale, including advertising and appraisal. If any proceeds remain after payment of the costs of the sale, the proceeds shall be applied to the payment of taxes removed from the tax duplicate under IC 6-1.1-24-6.7(e).
- (i) In implementing this SECTION, if a provision in IC 6-1.1 that affects an action under this SECTION that is in effect after December 31, 2006, as amended by HEA 1102-2006, conflicts with a provision of IC 6-1.1 that was in effect on December 31, 2006, this SECTION shall be implemented as if IC 6-1.1 (as effective December 31, 2006) were in effect.
- (j) An action conducted after December 31, 2006, and before July 1, 2007, that would have been valid under this SECTION if conducted after June 30, 2007, shall be treated as if it had been

1	conducted after June 30, 2007.
2	SECTION 12. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007] IC 6-1.1-25-4.6, as
3	amended by this act, applies only to:
4	(1) tax sales held after June 30, 2007; and
5	(2) failures of tax sale petitioners to fulfill tax sale
6	requirements under that section after June 30, 2007.
7	SECTION 13. An emergency is declared for this act.".
8	Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.
	(Reference is to HB 1211 as printed February 16, 2007.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass .

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

Senator Lawson C, Chairperson